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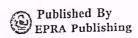
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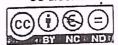
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PRAGMATIC DRAWBACKS OF EMPLOYING ROOTS AS A VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT TOOL

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The first principle of Ferdinand de Saussure's theory of language is that the linguistic sign, which is medical signifier and a signified, is arbitrary. Despite the arbitrariness, we see a fair amount of uniformity and less the lexicography as most of the words are derived from their root forms. Employing vocabulary techniques using root forms has been a predominant method in English Language Teaching in India. Telegraphics behind this pedagogical approach is to minimize the efforts of a student in vocabulary development processes increasing her ability to derive meanings based on her knowledge of root forms. These roots contribute seminal components to form groups of words and a semantic pattern can be seen in most of the words and groups. Yet, it has been observed that words based on the root forms do not always follow a linear small some words tend to deviate in manning the root forms do not always follow a linear small looks. path. Some words tend to deviate in meaning as opposed to the semantic pattern in rest of the words bases.

Most of the words in these groups can be semantically traced back to the 'source' (i.e. the rotter are some words whose traceability could be semantically traced back to the 'source' (i.e. the rotter are some words whose traceability could be semantically traced back to the 'source' (i.e. the rotter are some words whose traceability could be semantically traced back to the 'source' (i.e. the rotter are some words whose traceability could be semantically traced back to the 'source' (i.e. the rotter are some words whose traceability could be semantically traced back to the 'source' (i.e. the rotter are some words whose traceability could be semantically traced back to the 'source' (i.e. the rotter are some words whose traceability could be semantically traced back to the 'source' (i.e. the rotter are some words whose traceability could be semantically traceability. but there are some words whose traceability could seem a bit far-fetched. Many a time, no logical experience can be given while connecting the morphology and the country and the country of the words were seem as the country of the words are for the country of the words are for the words are for the country of t can be given while connecting the morphology and the semantic pattern. Also, most of these words are semantic variation according to the content.

This research paper analyzed some of the Greek and Latin root forms in order to highlighted for further discussion. Surprisingly someone eccentricities for further discussion. Surprisingly, semantic eccentricities were found in almost each of the discussed root forms. The study was concluded with the discussed root forms. The study was concluded with the proposal of undertaking a vast research of successful an alternate vocabulary development. KEY WORDS: Semantic Connection, Pragmatic Eccentricity

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REVIEW OF THE LITERATURE

Vocabulary development has acquired a wide scope in the fields like pedagogy, etymology, morphology, lexicography, semantics, semiotics etc. A lot of work is done in the area of Vocabulary development through roots. The focus of most of this work was on the native speakers and their vocabulary development. But there is a lot of scope in the study of pragmatic fluctuations of the words derived from a single root form. No special attempt has been made to develop an innovative pedagogical approach to tackle the confusion arising from these pragmatic fluctuations of words and their roots.

INTRODUCTION

When a teacher implements the 'root forms' technique as a vocabulary development tool, a student expects to be able to derive the meaning of a word if she happens to be familiar with the meaning of the root form of that particular word. This can be quite a

gamble as the meanings of the words are not always likely to follow the same pattern. A student might derive a completely unintended meaning. This necessitates a meticulous study of the semantic pattern of roots. This paper aims at enlisting a number of words and their roots in a tabulated form. Words which follow the semantic pattern and show a strong semantic connection with the root are tagged as "strong". The ones which are moderately close to the root form are tagged as "moderate". And words which have no evident connection (inclusive of far-fetched connections) are tagged as "weak". Some common words which are subject to multiple meanings are further subcategorized in the table. It is to be noted that not "every" meaning is dealt with and meanings based on general, day-to-day usage have been discussed. The tabulated list of words is followed by a detailed commentary.



	Root and its words	Word meanings/definitions	Semantic Connection with explanations
A.	aster/astro (star, star-shaped)		
	Astronomy	the branch of science which deals with celestial objects, space, and the physical universe as a whole.	STRONG (Study of stars)
	Astrophysics	the branch of astronomy concerned with the physical nature of stars and other celestial bodies, and the application of the laws and theories of physics to the interpretation of astronomical observations.	STRONG (Physics of stars, celestial bodies)
	Asteroid	a small rocky body orbiting the sun. Large numbers of these, ranging enormously in size, are found between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter, though some have more eccentric orbits.	STRONG (Star-like, Resembling a <u>star</u>)
1	Asterisk	a symbol (*) used in text as a pointer to an annotation or footnote.	STRONG (the sign resembles a small star)
+	Astronaut	a person who is trained to travel in a spacecraft.	STRONG One who travels into stars (i.e. space) WEAK (Far-fetched connection)
	Monaster	a building or buildings occupied by a community of monks living under religious yows.	WEAK (Far-received connection)

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causes great damage or loss

of life.

	Root and its words	Word meanings/definitions	Semantic Connection with explanations
В.	Vis (see, look at)		
	Vision	the faculty or state of being able to see.	STRONG
	lnyisible	unable to be seen.	STRONG
	Tele <u>vis</u> ion	a system for converting visual images (with sound) into electrical signals, transmitting them by radio or other means, and displaying them electronically on a screen.	STRONG (Device on which picture are seen from far away)
	<u>Vis</u> itor	a person visiting someone or somewhere, especially socially or as a tourist.	STRONG (One who comes to see)
	Re <u>vis</u> e	reconsider and alter (something) in the light of further evidence.	STRONG (To see to again)
	<u>Visage</u> Ad <u>vis</u> e	a person's face, with reference to the form or proportions of the features, Countenance	MODERATE
	MUNIOC	offer suggestions at	WEAK (Far-fetched meaning)

ect 'thrown) Projector	Word meanings/definitions a device that is used to project rays of light	explanation
(thrown)	a device that is used to project rays of light	explanation
	a device that is used to project rays of light	
	a device that is used to project rays of light	STRONG (MILLIA II)
	project rays of light	I STRONG (MALLER OF COLL)
	especially an apparatus with a system of lenses for projecting slides or film on to a screen.	STRONG (Which throws forth)
11.	a screen.	
bject	6)	•
*	a) Nouna material	a)WEAK
	seen and to be	b) Moderate
	opposition one's	
njection	disagreement with	
0	mstance of injecting on	CIND
1	100	b) verbsay something to express one's opposition to or disagreement with

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Eject Dejected	being injected. force or throw (something) out in a violent or sudden way. sad and depressed; dispirited.	STRONG Throw out MODERATE (Thrown down by destiny)
Conjecture	an opinion or conclusion formed on the basis of incomplete information.	WEAK
Subject	a) Noun branch of knowledge studied or taught in a school, college, or university. b) Adjective likely or prone to be affected by (a particular condition or occurrence, typically an unwelcome or unpleasant one).	a) WEAK b) WEAK

	Root and its words	Word meanings/definitions	Semantic Connection and explanations
D.	Fect (to make ,to do)		
	Perfect	having all the required or desirable elements, qualities, or characteristics; as good as it is possible to be.	STRONG (Thoroughly made)
	Defect	a shortcoming, imperfection, or lack.	STRONG (Not made right)
	Effective	successful in producing a desired or intended result.	MODERATE (Able to get things done)
	Infect	affect (a person, organism, etc.) with a disease-causing organism.	STRONG (Make way into the body)
	Affect	have an effect on; make a difference to.	MODERATE Done towards
\dashv	Confection	an elaborate sweet dish or delicacy.	WEAK (far-fetched connection)
	Re <u>fec</u> tory	a large room in a monastery, college, school, etc. where meals are eaten.	WEAK (far-fetched connection)

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<u> </u>	Root and Its words	Word meanings/definitions	- Compete:
E.	Ver		explanations and
	(Truth)		
	Yerdict	a decision on an issue of fact	THE CAVING
- 1		in a civil or criminal case or	said by a jury)
	Verify	an inquest.	f
-	verny	make sure or demonstrate that (something) is true,	STRONG (to make sure something
7	Veracity	accurate, or justified.	- state j
	renelly	Noun: a)conformity to facts; accuracy.	STRONG
1	Very	b) habitual truthfulness.	
1	Verisimilitude	Adverb: used for emphasis	STRONG ('truly')
- -	'eracious	the appearance of being true or real.	STRONG
	eritas	speaking or representing the truth.	STRONG
		Goddess of truth	STRONG

F.	Root and its words Path	Word manning (1)	
	(Facility to	Word meanings/definitions	Semantic Connection
	(Feeling/Suffering/Disease)		- Connection
	Sympathy Sympathy		
_	-	feelings of pity and sorrow for	STRONG
	Empathy		STRONG
-		die ability to under	Comp
	Pathos		STRONG
\dashv		quality wall evolute	
- 1	Pathology	sadness.	STRONG
	~	the science of the causes and	
		effects of diseases and	STRONG
		effects of diseases, especially the branch of medicine that	
		deals with diffedicine that	
-		examination of laboratory	
\perp		body tissue 5 samples of	
1	Pathogen	forensic number and mostic or	
	8011	a hactorius	
		microsper, virus, or other	Com-
P	Pathetic	microorganism that can cause	STRONG
		arousing pity, especially s	
A	pathy	The state of the s	TRONG
1.	padiy	sadness.	-
P	sychopath	ack of interest, enth	
١.,	Sychopath	lack of interest, enthusiasm, Sor concern.	TRONG
	i i	d Done	
		chronic mental discord from cr	TRONG
Sa		chronic mental disorder with abnormal or violent social	MONG
20			
		lisorder manif a personality or	
			RONG
An	tipathy	extreme antisocial attitudes	
	a	deep-seated feeling of STI	
	1	version feeling	_
	Volume A Stance 5 Mary 2019	of ST	RONG





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Root and its words	Word meanings/definitions	Semantic Connection
Hum (ground) (Latin: Humus)		
Exhumation	the action of digging up something buried, especially a corpse.	STRONG
Humble	having or showing a modest or low estimate of one's importance.	MODERATE
Humiliate	make (someone) feel ashamed and foolish by injuring their dignity and pride.	MODERATE
Posthumous	occurring, awarded, or appearing after the death of the originator.	
Humility	the quality of having a modest or low view of one's importance.	MODERATE
Humus	the organic component of soil, formed by the decomposition of leaves and other plant material by soil microorganisms.	
Humic	relating to or consisting of humus.	STRONG

	Root and its words	Word meanings/definitions	Semantic Connection
	Verse (Turned)		
J	Averse	having a strong dislike of or opposition to something.	STRONG
	Converse	engage in conversation.	MODERATE
_	Irreversible	not able to be undone or altered.	STRONG
	Reverse	a) move backwards.	a) STRONG
		 b) make (something) the opposite of what it was. 	b) STRONG
	Obverse	 a) the side of a coin or medal bearing the head or principal design. 	a) WEAK .
		b) the opposite or counterpart of a fact or truth.	b) MODERATE
**************************************	Universe	all existing matter and space considered as a whole; the cosmos. The universe is	MODERATE

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	believed to be at least 10 billion light years in diameter and contains a vast number of galaxies; it has been expanding since its creation in the Big Bang about 13 billion years ago.	
Adversary	one's opponent in a contest, conflict, or dispute.	STRONG
Versus	against (especially in sporting and legal use).	STRONG
Anniversary	the date on which an event took place or an institution was founded in a previous year.	MODERATE
Conversation Verse	a talk, especially an informal one, between two or more people, in which news and ideas are exchanged.	MODERATE
Diverse	writing arranged with a metrical rhythm, typically having a rhyme.	WEAK
	showing a great deal of	STRONG
Version	variety; very different. a particular form of something differing in certain respects from an earlier form or other forms of the same	WEAK

	T	rtype of anng.	
	Root and its words	Word manning ()	
Н.	Cogn/gnos (knowledge)	Word meanings/definitions	Semantic Connection
	Cognition Recognize	n. the mental action or process of acquiring knowledge and understanding through thought, experience, and the senses. v. identify (someone or something) from having encountered them before	STRONG
-	Cognizant Precognition	Adj. having knowledge or	STRONG
C	ognoscenti	extrasensory perception.	STRONG
	cognita	n. people who are on-	STRONG

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	concealed	i .
Appresie	a a penseu who helieves that	WEAK
	nothing is known or can be known of the existence or	C Transaction
*	mature of God.	
Distance	ರ್ಜಿ ಸೇಕಾರಿಗೆರಾರಂಥ ಈ ರೇಕ	MODERATE
	धारास र्वा धा दिन र विद	
	इत्लिक्ट हें। क्यानांत्राव्यक वर्ष	
	ರ್ಷ ೧೯೯೦ರು	
रिकार्ट्यक्र	a) N. the likely course of	MODERATE
	2 ವೇವೆದಲ್ಲಿ ೧೯೦ಥವೇ ೭	
	b) N. a forecast of the	
	Money retorate of a	STRONG
	STREETS	

तेर कर यह अह र क्रायेंग्रेस में हेर सराये के فالمام والمسال المستعد بالمستوا عد صدار أد रक्ताकंटीए के कर का जिल्हा के कराई हिंद Disect. Constanting Research; Constanting Stiffers Visuge, المطاعط والمستفد الم سن متولد سني عد المدالية המשביה של המינה שהל שלפים ממשביה שורושה For cumple Disease on le identifici es un locus attici वेद्यालया केट्यालय वर्ष व केट्ये हिंदा (कट्य) . The leaner has to have the theory could be referred to ರೀಯ ಪ್ರಾರೇಶಿವ ಬ ಬಿಡಲ್ಲೇ ಮೇ ಪ್ರಾರೇಶಿನಡ commercian. This hasingramid incredesign is called a scheme or a frame (George Yiele Fragmusics). A ್ಷಾರ್ಯವರ್ಣ ಮಾಡಿಗೆ ಕಮೇ ಸಮೀಪ ಬ ಗಿರ್ಗ ಬೆಟ್ उद्यक्तकों के प्रत्योक में य प्रत्येष स्य क्वतं स अन्त्रतेय Similariy, in the word Ratecopy, 12 අනුපාර්තුම්ම සහ दर्भ तांचा र व्यंत्रक क्रमेंच्ये क्रमेंच्ये १०० व्यंत्र र व्यांच दे व Referency, i.e. a diming hall that this conclusion is विद्यास्त्रक का व्यवस्त विकासन विद्यालय प्रदेश विश्वपति bervieige. As Emplish Language Learner count elengs mess his time in griming his specialized icumicine.

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Many a time students underside learning English keeping in mind a motive, for which they seldom have a let of time. So, this dumning task of developing a comprehensive receivables assets to be feste mi more accorne. Descioping the workeley and the state of the forms on he is faster क्रिक्ट केंद्र केंद्र केंद्र कर संस्कृत किये कर क mounts or close meaning (Memings are subject to מתובים של הבתי לבת מנים לים בים לים בים "accurate" or a single meaning of a word. This रक्कामां वेश्वकान, बच्चे ठंकां बांधे में स्वरणामांतु वर्ष

CONCLUDING REMARKS AND FUTURE STUDY

A कार्याहरूकेक्टांग्रेस २०व्यक्तिसंस्त्र हे २ हार्यस्त्रहांडीस स्ट pd 2 fra දෙනකයෝ හා පිපුතිණ විශ්ලායදය As fir ස English Language Teaching in Inch is noncempal mudents look throughts been English to order to climb

the sources books as high as possible. A comber of residen ಕ್ಷಾ-ಕೆಂಸಿಕ⊐ದ ಭಾಗ STATE OF THE PARTY anderic بحنصت ا بمنتسمين ممز अर्थात कार्य कार्य के किया प्रवास कार्य कार्य केटवार केटवार है जार की कार्य कार्यां केटवार केटa eligibility others. As the competition is gaining flatter, the level of difficulty is increasing day by day. One מבוחות בשפבו זו הסובבים לו לבפני ביצוא שולמים לו אינותן a comprehensive vocabulary. As many of the explaints מש אליכת כם לוווא לופר וא ז ומשם כל ז לצהצר שביי נם grader as many words as possible. Employing most as a vocabolity development tool can see be faster way yet if one times in the parties of a big picture, it proves to be deceptive. This method needs some مناضع تعمين عمر و المعانية والمعانية simple to densine

Vocabulary development is a news कार्ये अ केंद्र के किया है के किया कार्यों के deciphered. Also, meeting is subject to change as per the time period, the ordinary and the individuals. Many words have been added into the lection and many are wanted into collision day by day. Many words take up क क्यों के कर इक्कार के किया है के कदाना के कहा. This study is supposed to be limited only to the مستعيمين عصنية وأحمية عنيت هد لد وتحين applied to present simmions. This study may not aim at निर्माह अलेलांकुल क टाइरेट खटो को राज्य उरले का there (which is quite an impractical task). The focus of the study should be to regard the use of teaching root forms is order to increase the retention of learned ಜನಾಯನು ಚಪ್ಪನಿಗೆ ಚಿತ್ರಕ್ಕೆ ಚಿತ್ರಜನ್ನ ಜ ರುಂದ ಜ ಜನಾಕ of deriving the matering of unknown words. Also, the राज्ये भी सम्मानिक प्राप्त के स्थापनिक स्थापनिक स्थापनिक guideline to the study of root forms.

A more extensive study of the roots and שנים ביום השנים ולבובות אם לי מו בשנים ביות ביחוש שלים מו שנים ביחוש ביחוש ביחוש ביחוש ביחוש ביחוש ביחוש ביחוש अवदोर्व हुंगर वह र वेद्यात विद्य आवं अवदोर्व के विद्यानाम्बार्य हा क्षेत्र अनेप्राचलकात्व र्ल ३ व्हिन्स प्रश्चनेत्रीयन् देशसंग्रह्णाताः method. Also, a more varied distribution of the units

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for semantic connections will be helpful in the formation of a more elucidated analysis.

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